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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
10/814,061	03/31/2004	Kevin J. Ash	TUC920030191US1 (17309)	5720	
46263	7590 11/21/2006		EXAMINER		
SCULLY, SCOTT, MURPHY, & PRESSER 400 GARDEN CITY PL			DUNCAN,	DUNCAN, MARC M	
	Y, NY 11530		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
•			2113	•	
			DATE MAILED: 11/21/2006	5	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		Application No.	Applicant(s)			
Office Action Summary		10/814,061	ASH ET AL.			
		Examiner	Art Unit			
		Marc Duncan	2113			
	The MAILING DATE of this communication app	pears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address			
Period fo	• •					
WHIC - Exte after - If NC - Failu Any	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY CHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DANSIONS of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.1. SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. Depend for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period vire to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing ed patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tin will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from , cause the application to become ABANDONE	N. nely filed the mailing date of this communication. ED (35 U.S.C. § 133).			
Status						
1)	Responsive to communication(s) filed on 31 M	larch 2004.				
/		action is non-final.				
3)	,					
	closed in accordance with the practice under E	Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 4	53 O.G. 213.			
Dispositi	ion of Claims					
4)	Claim(s) 1-28 is/are pending in the application					
•	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.					
5)	Claim(s) is/are allowed.					
6)⊠	Claim(s) 1,2,4,7,9,12,13,15,18,23,24 and 26 is	s/are rejected.				
7)⊠	Claim(s) 3,5,6,8,10,11,14,16,17,19-22,25,27 a	<i>nd 28</i> is/are objected to.				
8)□	Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/o	r election requirement.				
Applicati	ion Papers					
9)[]	The specification is objected to by the Examine	r.				
-	The drawing(s) filed on 31 March 2004 is/are:		o by the Examiner.			
•	Applicant may not request that any objection to the	drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See	e 37 CFR 1.85(a).			
	Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct					
11)[	The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex	caminer. Note the attached Office	Action or form PTO-152.			
Priority ι	under 35 U.S.C. § 119					
12)	Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign	priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)	)-(d) or (f).			
a)	☐ All b)☐ Some * c)☐ None of:		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
	1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.					
	2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No					
	3. Copies of the certified copies of the prior	rity documents have been receive	ed in this National Stage			
	application from the International Bureau	u (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).				
* 5	See the attached detailed Office action for a list	of the certified copies not receive	ed.			
		,				
Attachmen	t(s)					
	te of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) Interview Summary				
	be of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) mation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08)	Paper No(s)/Mail Da 5) Notice of Informal P				
	rr No(s)/Mail Date	6) Other:	<del> </del>			

### **DETAILED ACTION**

#### Status of the Claims

Claims 7 and 18 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Edwards et al. (5,649,090).

Claims 1-2, 12-13 and 23-24 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Beardsley et al. (6,061,750) in view of Edwards et al. (5,649,090).

Claims 4, 15 and 26 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Beardsley and Edwards as applied to claims above, and further in view of Beardsley (6,513,097).

Claim 9 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Edwards in view of Beardsley (097).

Claims 3, 5-6, 8, 10-11, 14, 16-17, 19-22, 25 and 27-28 are objected to.

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

Claims 7 and 18 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Edwards et al. (5,649,090).

Regarding claim 7:

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Edwards teaches:

identifying selected pages of the first cache (col. 8 lines 65-66);

marking each of said selected pages as unavailable (col. 7 lines 41-43 and lines 46-52); and

after all of said selected pages are marked as unavailable, removing the selected pages from the first cache (col. 7 lines 52-55 and col. 9 lines 4-5).

Regarding claim 18:

The claim is rejected as the system for performing the method of claim 7.

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

The factual inquiries set forth in *Graham* v. *John Deere Co.*, 383 U.S. 1, 148 USPQ 459 (1966), that are applied for establishing a background for determining obviousness under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) are summarized as follows:

- 1. Determining the scope and contents of the prior art.
- 2. Ascertaining the differences between the prior art and the claims at issue.
- 3. Resolving the level of ordinary skill in the pertinent art.
- 4. Considering objective evidence present in the application indicating obviousness or nonobviousness.

Claims 1-2, 12-13 and 23-24 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Beardsley et al. (6,061,750) in view of Edwards et al. (5,649,090).

Regarding claim 1:

Beardsley teaches:

A method of operating a storage controller (Fig. 3-2) for interfacing between a plurality of host systems (Fig. 3-34 and 36) and a direct access storage devices system (Fig. 3-4 and 6), the storage controller including a first cluster including a first processor and a first cache (Fig. 3-12, 16), and a second cluster including a second processor and a second cache (Fig. 3-14, 18, the method comprising:

directing data from the host systems through first and second data paths in the storage controller to the direct access storage system, wherein the first processor and the first cache are associated with the first data path, and the second processor and the second cache are associated with the second data path (col. 2 line 66-col. 3 line 15);

under a first set of defined conditions, entering into a failover mode, wherein data directed to the first data path are routed to the second data path (col. 3 lines 15-22).

Beardsley does not explicitly teach under a second set of defined conditions, deconfiguring the first cache without entering the failover mode. Beardsley does, however, teach a method of handling failures such that the storage controller can continue to operate.

Edwards teaches deconfiguring a first cache without entering a failover mode (col. 1 lines 51-52).

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It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of invention to combine the cache deconfiguration of Edwards with the fault handling of Beardsley.

One of ordinary skill in the art would have been motivated to make the combination because Edwards teaches that by merely deconfiguring the isolated cache element, the processor can continue to execute without substantial performance loss (col. 2 lines 52-54).

Regarding claim 2:

Edwards teaches:

identifying selected pages of the first cache (col. 8 lines 65-66);

marking each of said selected pages as unavailable (col. 7 lines 41-43 and lines 46-52); and

after all of said selected pages are marked as unavailable, removing the selected pages from the first cache (col. 7 lines 52-55 and col. 9 lines 4-5).

Regarding claims 12 and 13:

The claims are rejected as the systems for performing the methods of claims 1 and 2, respectively.

Regarding claims 23 and 24:

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The claims are rejected as the program storage device that causes the methods of claims 1 and 2 to be performed.

Claims 4, 15 and 26 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Beardsley and Edwards as applied to claims above, and further in view of Beardsley (6,513,097).

Regarding claim 4:

The teachings of Beardsley (750) and Edwards are outlined above.

Beardsley (750) and Edwards do not explicitly teach for each of the selected pages, determining whether the page is modified or unmodified; and

if the page is modified, processing the page according to a defined routine, and then marking the page as unavailable.

Beardsley (750) and Edwards do, however, teach removing portions of cache that have failed from use.

Beardsley (097) teaches for each of the selected pages, determining whether the page is modified or unmodified (Abstract lines 12-15);

and if the page is modified, processing the page according to a defined routine, and then marking the page as unavailable (Abstract lines 16-19).

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of invention to combine the scan and destage operations of Beardsley (097) with the cache disabling of Beardsley (750) and Edwards.

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One of ordinary skill in the art would have been motivated to make the combination because identifying and processing modified data helps to ensure data integrity (Beardsley '097 col. 2 lines 31-40).

Regarding claim 15:

The claim is rejected as the system for performing the method of claim 4.

Regarding claim 26:

The claim is rejected as the program storage device that causes the methods of claims 4 to be performed.

Claim 9 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Edwards in view of Beardsley (097).

Regarding claim 9:

The teachings of Edwards are outlined above.

Edwards does not explicitly teach for each of the selected pages, determining whether the page is modified or unmodified; and

if the page is modified, processing the page according to a defined routine, and then marking the page as unavailable.

Edwards does, however, teach removing portions of cache that have failed from use.

Beardsley (097) teaches for each of the selected pages, determining whether the page is modified or unmodified (Abstract lines 12-15);

and if the page is modified, processing the page according to a defined routine, and then marking the page as unavailable (Abstract lines 16-19).

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of invention to combine the scan and destage operations of Beardsley (097) with the cache disabling of Edwards.

One of ordinary skill in the art would have been motivated to make the combination because identifying and processing modified data helps to ensure data integrity (Beardsley '097 col. 2 lines 31-40).

## Allowable Subject Matter

Claims 3, 5-6, 8, 10-11, 14, 16-17, 19-22, 25 and 27-28 are objected to as being dependent upon a rejected base claim, but would be allowable if rewritten in independent form including all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims.

#### Conclusion

The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Marc Duncan whose telephone number is 571-272-3646. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F 9:00-5:00.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Robert Beausoliel can be reached on 571-272-3645. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

/<sub>md</sub>